

Mathematics 10D

2.1 – Midpoint of a Line Segment

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Five Things Needed to Succeed

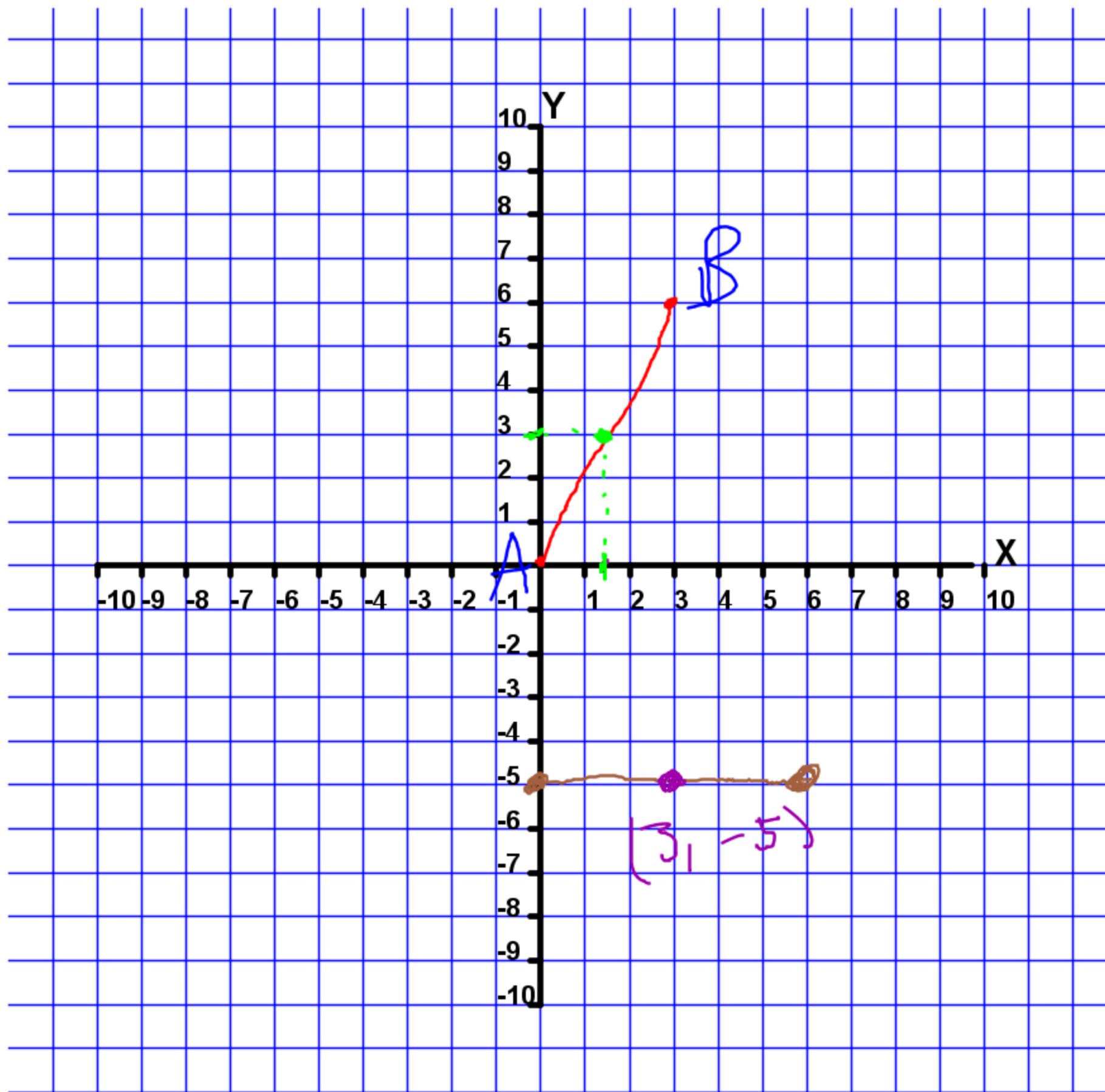
- 1) Slope formula $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
- 2) Create linear equations ($y=mx+b$) \Rightarrow Given two points
or a slope and point.
- 3) Finding POI
- 4) Midpoint formula
- 5) Distance Formula

m: midpoint:

$$M \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$A(0,0) \quad B(3,6)$$

$$M_{AB} \left(\frac{3}{2}, 3 \right)$$



$$1) A(-8, 7), B(-2, -2)$$

$$M_{AB} \left(\frac{-8 + -2}{2}, \frac{7 + -2}{2} \right)$$

$$M_{AB} \left(-5, \frac{5}{2} \right)$$

$$2) \angle (4, 0), D(-4, 8)$$

$$x_m = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

$$x_m = \frac{4 + -4}{2} = 0$$

$$y_m = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

$$y_m = \frac{0 + 8}{2} = 4$$

$$M_{CD} (0, 4)$$

$$3) E(88, -843), F(968, -449)$$

$$M_{EF} \left(\frac{88 + 968}{2}, \frac{-843 + -449}{2} \right)$$

$$M_{EF} (528, -646)$$

4) Endpoint: $A(-5, 4)$, midpoint: $M_{AB}(-9, -5)$ $B(?, ?)$

$$x_m = \frac{x_A + x_B}{2}$$

$$-9 = \frac{-5 + x_B}{2}$$



$$-18 = -5 + x_B$$

$$-13 = x_B$$

$$y_m = \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}$$

$$-5 = \frac{4 + y_B}{2}$$

$$-10 = 4 + y_B$$

$$-14 = y_B$$

$$B(-13, -14)$$